Comparisons of Job Characteristics

Focus Occupation: Microbiologists (19-1022)

Associated Occupation: Zoologists and Wildlife Biologists (19-1023)

Compare Knowledge
Compare Skills
Compare Abilities
Compare Detailed Work Activities
Compare Tools and Technologies

| << | Focus occupation element is much lower |
|----|--|
| < | Focus occupation element is lower |
| 0 | Focus occupation element is at a similar level |
| > | Focus occupation element is at a higher level |
| >> | Focus occupation element is at a much higher level |

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| Knowledge | Similarity of Focus Occupation to Associated Occupation: 85 | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Focus Occupation: Microbiologists (19-1022) Associated Occupation: Zoologists and Wildlife Biologists (19-1023) | | | | | | |
| Associated Occupation's Key Knowledge Elements | Average Rating, All Occupations | Associated Occupation's Rating | Focus Occupation's Rating | Evaluation of Focus Occupation | | |
| Biology | 3.7 | 21.8 | 24.1 | > | Current knowledge level is likely sufficient | |
| Geography | 3.9 | 11.7 | 4.0 | << | Extensive education and/or training may be required | |

The maximum possible rating is 25.

Source: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Research and Analysis Section analysis of O*NET (Occupation Information Network) data.

Skills

Similarity of Focus Occupation to Associated Occupation:

Focus Occupation: Microbiologists (19-1022)

Associated Occupation: Zoologists and Wildlife Biologists (19-1023)

| Associated Occupation's Key Skills Elements | Average Rating, All Occupations | Associated Occupation's Rating | Focus Occupation's Rating | Evaluation of Focus Occupation |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Reading Comprehension | 10.7 | 14.6 | 15.5 | Current skill level may be sufficient |
| Writing | 9.2 | 14.1 | 14.8 | Current skill level may be sufficient |
| Science | 4.5 | 13.6 | 17.0 | >> Skill level is likely more than sufficient |
| Systems Analysis | 6.5 | 10.2 | 10.6 | Current skill level may be sufficient |
| Systems Evaluation | 6.4 | 9.4 | 9.9 | Current skill level may be sufficient |

The maximum possible rating is 25.

Source: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Research and Analysis Section analysis of O*NET (Occupation Information Network) data.

Abilities

Similarity of Focus Occupation to Associated Occupation: 91

Focus Occupation: Microbiologists (19-1022)

Associated Occupation: Zoologists and Wildlife Biologists (19-1023)

| Associated Occupation's Key Abilities Elements | Average Rating, All Occupations | Associated Occupation's Rating | Focus Occupation's Rating | Evaluation of Focus Occupation |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Oral Comprehension | 12.5 | 16.7 | 15.3 | Current ability level may be sufficient |
| Written Comprehension | 11.0 | 16.0 | 16.5 | Current ability level may be sufficient |
| Oral Expression | 12.4 | 15.5 | 15.0 | Current ability level may be sufficient |
| Written Expression | 9.8 | 15.5 | 15.5 | Current ability level may be sufficient |
| Category Flexibility | 9.0 | 11.0 | 16.0 | Current ability level is likely more than sufficient |

The maximum possible rating is 25.

Source: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Research and Analysis Section analysis of O*NET (Occupation Information Network) data.

Activities that Both Occupations Have in Common

Similarity of Focus
Occupation to Associated
Occupation: 95

Focus Occupation: Microbiologists (19-1022)

Associated Occupation: Zoologists and Wildlife Biologists (19-1023)

| Work Activities | Exclusivity of |
|--|----------------|
| WOIN ACTIVITIES | Activity |
| Adhere to safety procedures | 12 |
| Advise clients or customers | 19 |
| Advise governmental or industrial personnel | 28 |
| Analyze biological research, test, or analysis data | 70 |
| Analyze ecosystem data | 69 |
| Analyze scientific research data or investigative findings | 27 |
| Classify plants, animals, or other natural phenomena | 69 |
| Collect academic research data | 62 |
| Collect scientific or technical data | 30 |
| Collect statistical data | 47 |
| Communicate technical information | 4 |
| Conduct analyses or tests of organic compounds | 71 |
| Conduct field research or investigative studies | 52 |
| Conduct laboratory research or experiments | 57 |
| Conduct standardized qualitative laboratory analyses | 62 |
| Conduct standardized quantitative laboratory analyses | 62 |
| Confer with research personnel | 50 |
| Confer with scientists | 54 |
| Develop new products based on scientific research results | 71 |
| Develop or maintain databases | 30 |
| Develop plans for programs or projects | 31 |
| Develop policies, procedures, methods, or standards | 21 |
| Develop scientific or mathematical hypotheses, theories, or laws | 62 |
| Develop tables depicting data | 33 |
| Direct and coordinate activities of workers or staff | 3 |
| Direct and coordinate scientific research or investigative studies | 27 |
| Direct implementation of new procedures, policies, or programs | 60 |
| Examine biological or other material specimens under microscope | 73 |

| Explain complex mathematical information | 30 |
|---|----|
| Explain genetic data | 87 |
| Follow infectious materials procedures | 52 |
| Follow microbiology procedures | 74 |
| Follow safe waste disposal procedures | 50 |
| Maintain records, reports, or files | 5 |
| Make decisions | 24 |
| Make presentations | 13 |
| Perform statistical analysis | 71 |
| Plan scientific research or investigative studies | 48 |
| Prepare biological specimens for examination | 84 |
| Prepare reports | 8 |
| Prepare technical reports or related documentation | 22 |
| Prepare vaccines, biologicals, or serums | 85 |
| Recommend further study or action based on research data | 60 |
| Record test results, test procedures, or inspection data | 48 |
| Research human or animal disease | 77 |
| Resolve engineering or science problems | 46 |
| Study development of plants, animals, or microscopic organisms | 92 |
| Use biological research techniques | 68 |
| Use biological testing instruments | 73 |
| Use chemical testing or analysis procedures | 54 |
| Use computers to enter, access or retrieve data | 3 |
| Use hazardous materials information | 35 |
| Use knowledge of investigation techniques | 16 |
| Use laboratory equipment | 60 |
| Use library or online Internet research techniques | 21 |
| Use mathematical or statistical methods to identify or analyze problems | 30 |
| Use microscope | 71 |
| Use project management techniques | 47 |
| Use quantitative research methods | 35 |
| Use relational database software | 26 |
| Use scientific research methodology | 21 |
| Use spreadsheet software | 18 |
| Use teaching techniques | 29 |
| Use word processing or desktop publishing software | 17 |
| Write business project or bid proposals | 48 |
| Write research or project grant proposals | 33 |
| Write scholarly or technical research papers | 36 |

Not all positions in these occupations will necessarily perform all of the listed activities. The exclusivity rating is an indication of how unique the activity is amongst all occupations. The maximum rating is 100. High scores indicate that only a small number of occupations engage in that activity.

Source: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Research and Analysis Section analysis of O^*NET (Occupation Information Network) data.

Tools and Technologies that Both Occupations Have in Common

Similarity of Focus
Occupation to Associated
Occupation: 72

Focus Occupation: Microbiologists (19-1022)
Associated Occupation: Zoologists and Wildlife Biologists (19-1023)

| Tools and Technologies | Exclusivity |
|---|-------------|
| Autoclave and sterilizer equipment and accessories | 12 |
| Cameras | 2 |
| Chemical evaluation instruments and supplies | 10 |
| Computer printers | 2 |
| Computers | 1 |
| Content authoring and editing software | 1 |
| Data management and query software | 1 |
| Electrochemical measuring instruments and accessories | 9 |
| Gas analyzers and monitors | 10 |
| General laboratory glassware and plasticware and supplies | 13 |
| Indicating and recording instruments | 2 |
| Industry specific software | 1 |
| Information exchange software | 1 |
| Laboratory centrifuges and accessories | 13 |
| Laboratory cooling equipment | 25 |
| Laboratory enclosures and accessories | 17 |
| Laboratory incubating equipment | 20 |
| Laboratory ovens and accessories | 15 |
| Light and wave generating and measuring equipment | 4 |
| Network applications software | 1 |
| Pipettes and liquid handling equipment and supplies | 16 |
| Respiratory protection | 6 |
| Safety apparel | 4 |
| Sampling equipment | 12 |
| Specimen collection and transport containers and supplies | 14 |
| Spectroscopic equipment | 10 |
| Temperature and heat measuring instruments | 6 |
| Tissue culture and high throughput screening supplies | 31 |
| Viewing and observing instruments and accessories | 4 |
| Vision protection and accessories | 3 |
| Weight measuring instruments | 7 |

Not all positions in these occupations will necessarily use all of the listed tools and technologies. The exclusivity rating is an indication of how unique the tool or technology is amongst all occupations. The maximum rating is 100. High scores indicate that only a small number of occupations use that tool or technology.

Source: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Research and Analysis Section analysis of O*NET (Occupation Information Network) data.